## Who were the Romans and when were they around?

The Romans originated from the city of Rome.
They ruled many countries across Europe, the Middle East and North Africa.

753BC	43AD-420AD	476AD
The Building of	Roman Occupation	Roman Empire
Rome begins.	in Britain.	declines.

## How and why did the Romans invade Britain?

The Romans made many attempts to invade Britain. They wanted Britain's precious metals: gold, tin, and iron- and its cattle.

55BC	54BC	43 AD
The First Raid	The Second Raid	The Third Attempt
Julius Caesar came to Britain.  Wanted to make Britain part of the Roman Empire.  Celts fought back.  Romans returned to France.	<ul> <li>One year later Julius Caesar came back.</li> <li>British tribe agreed to pay tributes to Rome and were left in peace.</li> </ul>	Nearly 100 years later the Romans returned.     Emperor Claudius determined to make Britain part of the Roman Empire.     They made a deal to keep peace.

## Why did the Romans introduce roads and what impact did they have?



The Romans built long, straight roads, for many reasons including:

- ⇒ Allowed the emperor to have more control and messages could be sent quicker.
- ⇒ Allowed troops to be quickly moved from place to place.
- ⇒ Allowed supplies to be sent to different parts of the country.

## How did the Romans influence our language and number system?

English Alphabet	Roman Alphabet
26 letters.	22 letters.
Write with pens/ pencils	Wrote on waxed tablets
on paper.	with metal pens (stylus)
Use technology to record	or Egyptian papyrus.
text.	
'c' can make a hard	'c' always made a hard
sound like a 'k' or a soft	sound like a 'k'.
sound like an 's'.	
Vowels: a, e, I, <u>o</u> and u.	The letter 'y' was a vowel
	in Latin

Used letters to represent numbers.

Can still be seen today: clock, chapters in books, Royal family names

Roman Numeral	Number
I	1
V	5
X	10
L	50
С	100
D	500
М	1000

