National Curriculum, Blooms and NSEAD Coverage

## Main Progression targets that build year on year

		CL:II O	Duraile develop their control and confidence when drawing wine a great right	
₩ Making Skills	Drawing	Skill &	Pupils develop their control and confidence when drawing using a range of materials.	
		Control	Pupils draw complex forms using simple shapes such as circles, squares and triangles.	
			Pupils learn to shade areas and shapes as neatly and carefully as they can.	
		Techniques	Pupils learn to draw in different ways to create different effects	
		Purpose	Pupils draw things they like and learn to draw for pleasure and relaxation.	
			Pupils draw from imagination and observation. They record ideas, thoughts, feelings and draw for	
			narrative reasons. They learn the link between drawing shapes and writing.	
	Painting	Skill &	Learn how to hold and control a paintbrush.	
		Control	They concentrate hard to paint shapes, lines and edges neatly.	
			They learn to blend colours in a palette or on the painting surface.	
			They learn how to look after brushes and equipment.	
		Techniques	Use a range of painting tools to experiment with mark making; brushes, sponges, tissue, fabric, string etc.	
			They add things to paint to make textures such as sand, grit, salt.	
		Colour	They learn fundamental colour mixing using primary colours.	
			They play with colours, experimenting to 'discover' new colours.	
(Procedural)			They try to mix colours to match images from paintings or books etc	
Become proficient in		Form	Pupils learn that colours can be made darker or lighter by adding black or white or by adding more	
Skills & Techniques.			water/pigment	
Apply the formal elements to own work	Design	Pupils should make something they have imagined or invented, such as a toy or a creature. This might be drawn initially		
		then modelled in plasticine for example		
	Craft	Use simple w	rax resist using crayons and ink is used to make pictures.	
		Art is made by cutting, sewing, gluing and forming fabrics.		
		Textiles are decorated with simple appliqué techniques such as beads, sequins, coloured threads, lace, found or reclaimed		
		materials.		
			ed to select and cut colours, shapes, textures and images from a range of sources to suit ideas and purposes.	
		<b>Printing</b> Pupi	Is make simple printing blocks from soft materials they have cut, shaped or moulded.	
	3d Sculpture,	-	Children take photographs with digital cameras, learning to focus & position what they see then apply filters to	
	Printmaking,	the results.		
	Computers, Clay	<b>3D sculpture</b> Sculptures are made by cutting, forming and joining familiar 3D shapes such as packaging, cartons or boxes		
	etc		effects. Simple shapes and forms are made from pliable materials such as modelling clay, foam or wire for	
		example		
<b>-</b>	Develop & Share	Learn how ideas change, grow and develop as work is produced.		
	Ideas			
<b>Generating Ideas</b>	Fun ani	Create art from experiences and imagination.		
	imagination			
Generating Ideas (Conceptual) Explore Ideas	Experiences, Imagination			

Record Feelings & Experiences		
<b>P</b>	Artist, Craftspeople,	Look at famous works of art and try to explain how the artwork makes them feel, highlighting areas that interest them
Knowledge	Designers	
(Factual) Learn great Artists, Craft & Design Learn how artists use formal elements	Formal Elements	Pupils should orally describe their work & learn the meaning of the words colour, line, tone, shape, texture and pattern
Final Evaluation	Identify similarities and differences to others' work	Compare their art to famous works of art recognising what is the same and what is different.
(Metacognition) Evaluate and Analyse own & others work	Make choices & decisions	Has opportunities to make creative decisions about the content of their work, select appropriate media to work with and making choices about outcomes.  Develop skills in orally describing their thoughts, ideas and intentions about their work.